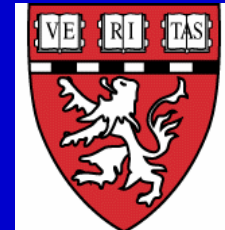
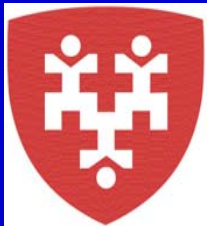


# **Pertussis in Adolescents and Adults: Should We Vaccinate?**

**Tracy Lieu, MD, MPH**

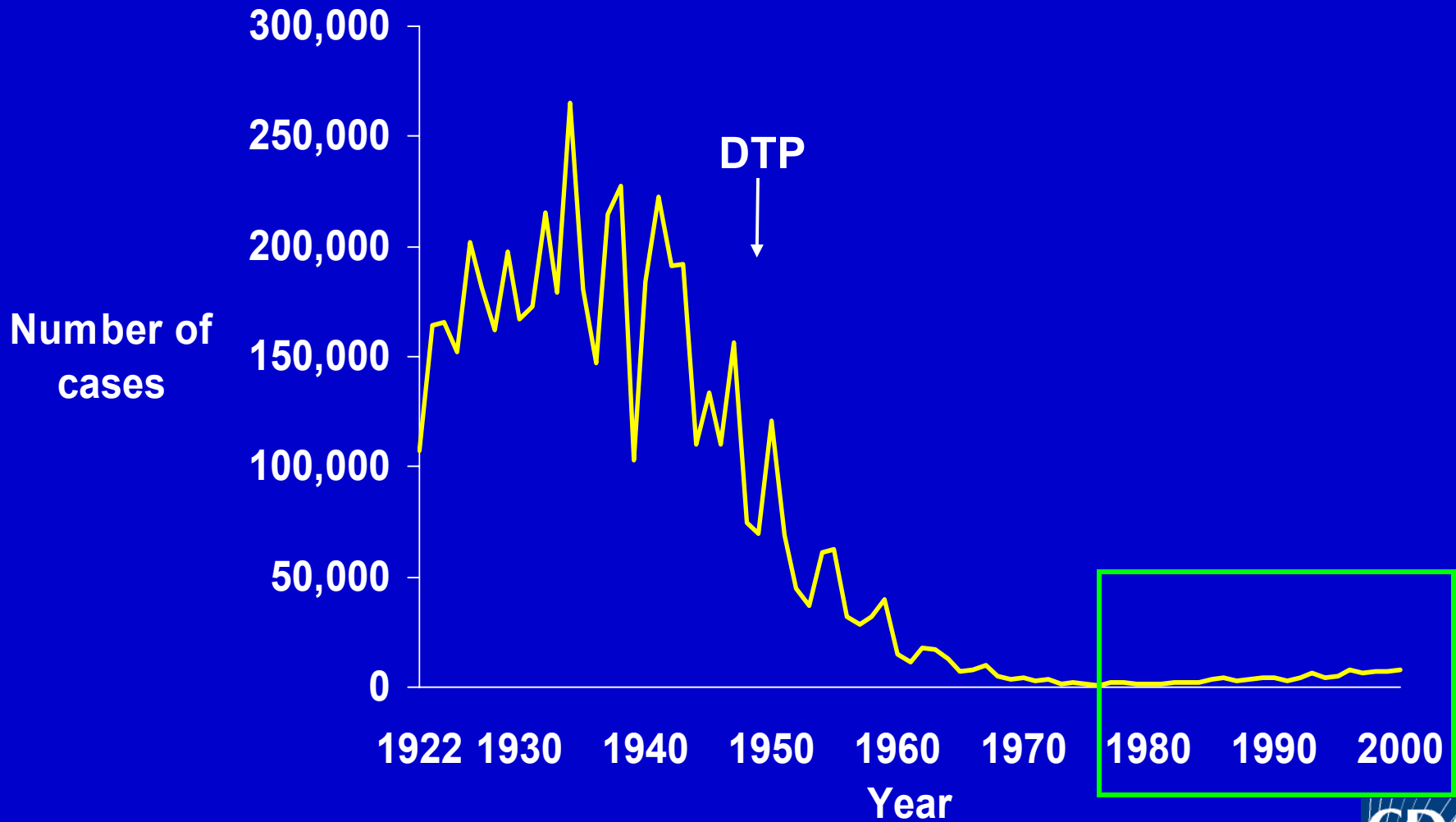
**Department of Ambulatory Care and Prevention  
Harvard Pilgrim Health Care  
and Harvard Medical School**



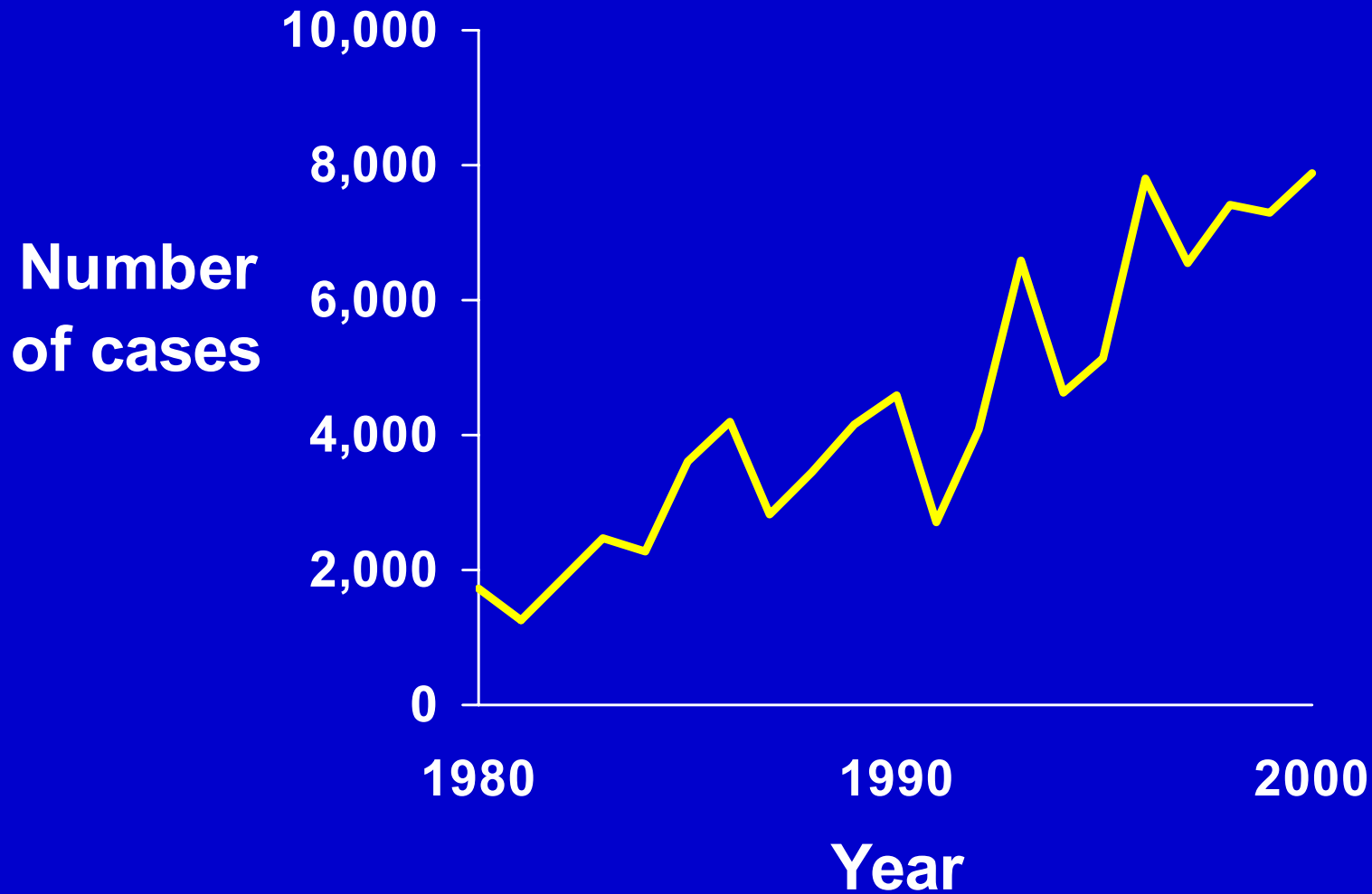
# Messages

- **Pertussis in adolescents and adults is increasing and costly**
- **Vaccination could be beneficial and cost-effective**
- **Need better data on incidence**

# Reported Pertussis Cases U.S, 1922-2000



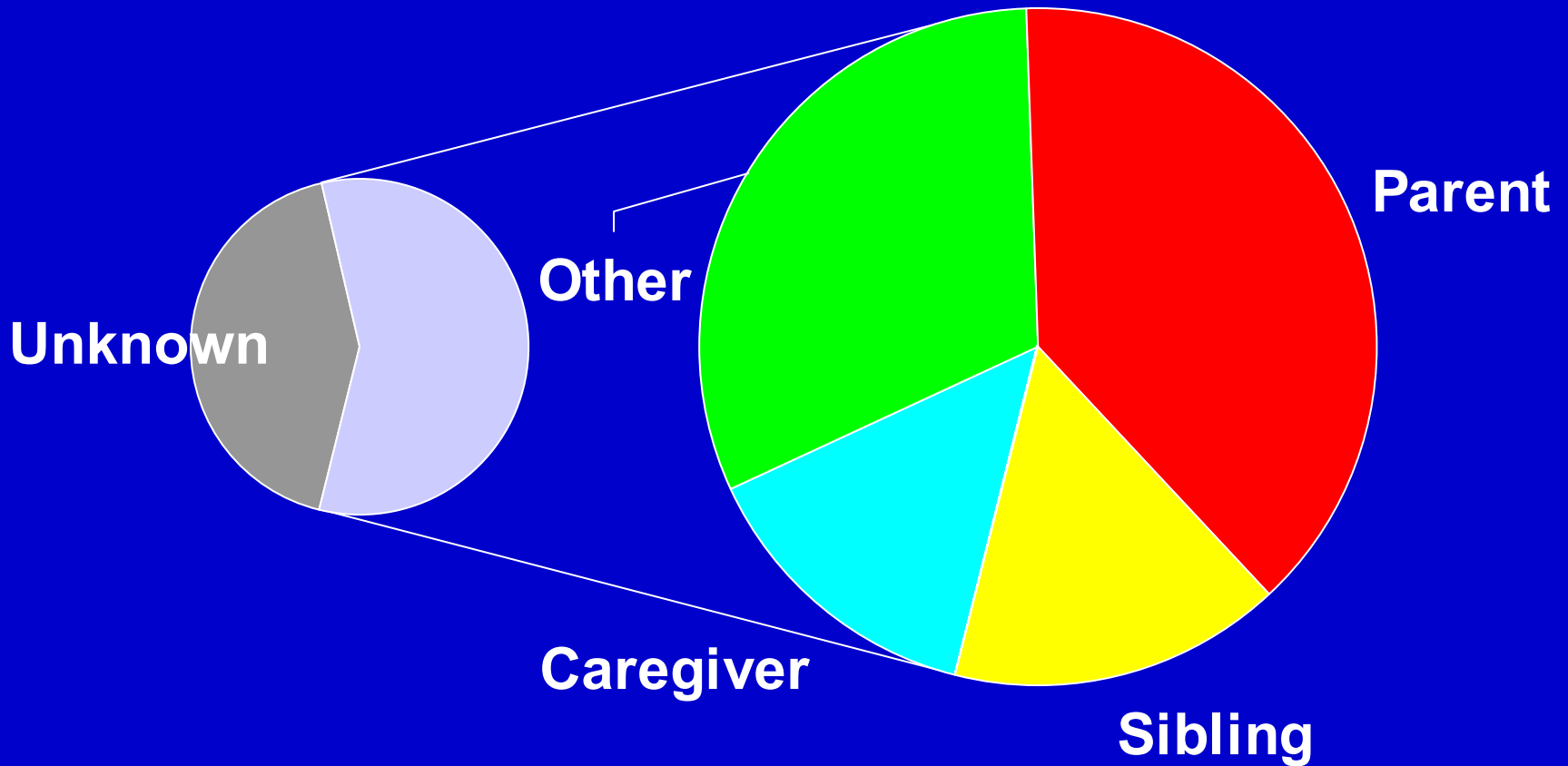
# Reported Pertussis Cases U.S., 1980-2000



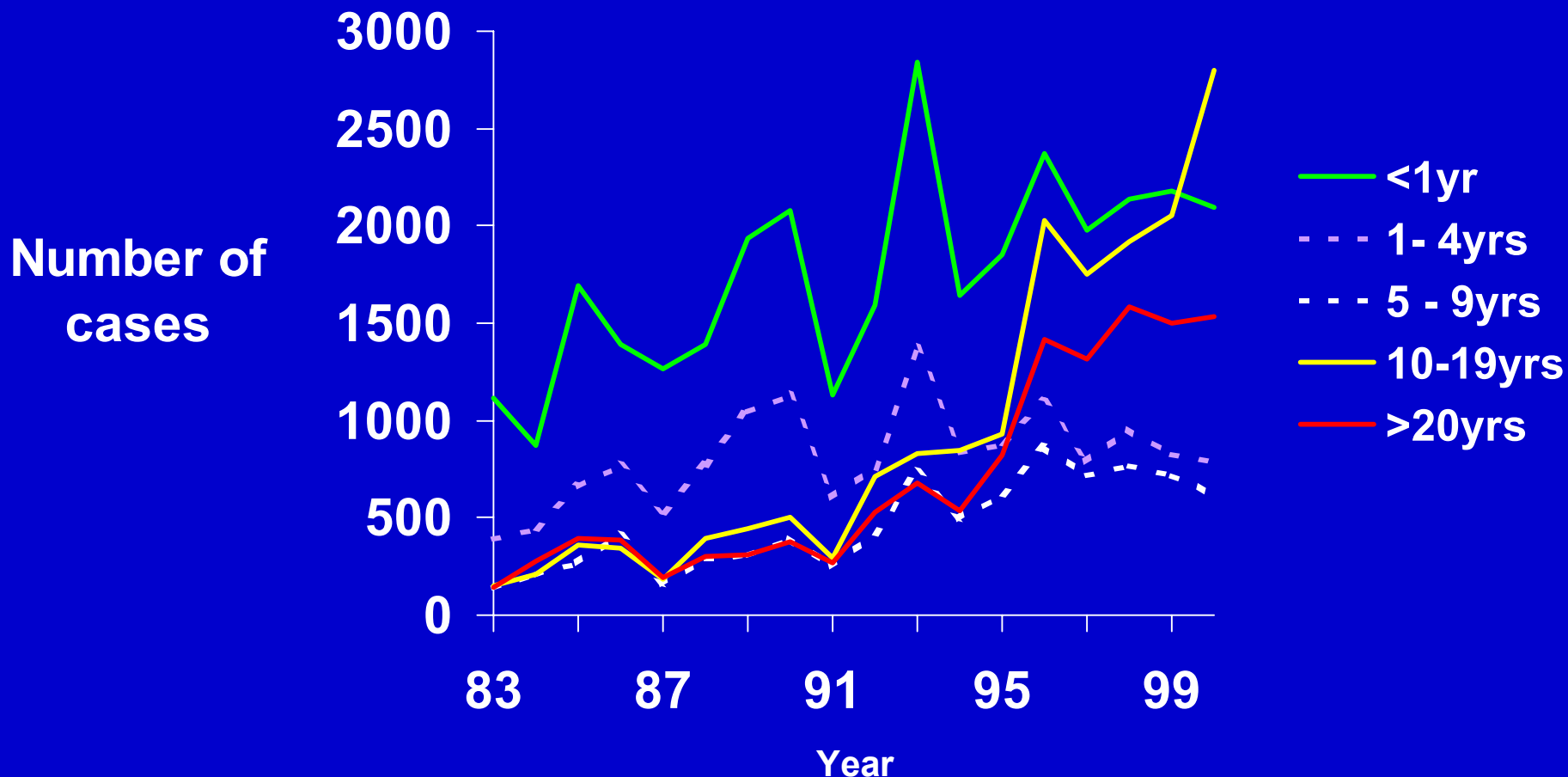
# Pertussis in Infants

- **Last year: 19 deaths, all infants**
- **Incidence in infants increasing**
- **Suggests pertussis circulation is increasing**

# Who Infects Infants?



# Reported Pertussis Cases by Age U.S., 1983-2000





**THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.**  
O N L I N E

*September 10, 2001*

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*Whooping Cough Makes Comeback,  
Striking Teens and Young Adults*

ASSOCIATED PRESS

*June 6, 2002*

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*Whooping Cough Returns To U.S.  
as Immunity Wanes*

By MARILYN CHASE



# **Acellular Pertussis Vaccines for Adolescents and Adults**

- **Licensed in Canada, Germany, Australia, France**
- **Combined with Td → TdaP**
- **U.S. trial suggests effective**

# Why Is This Not a Slam Dunk?

- **Vaccination risks should be weighed**
- **Immunity wanes**
- **Vaccine price is as yet unknown**
- **Vaccine coverage is hard to attain**

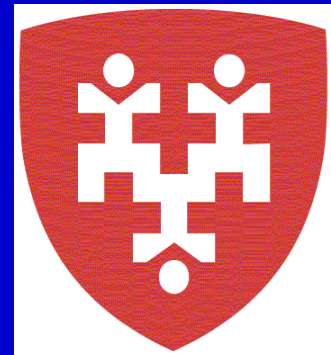
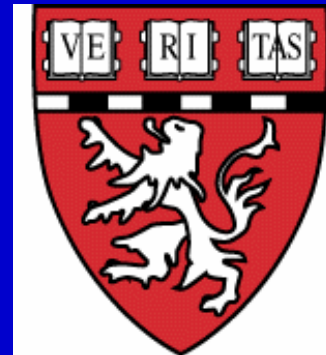
# Programmatic Options

- **Adolescents**
- **Adolescents + boosters every 10 years**
- **Adults at 20 years old**
- **Adults at 20 years old + boosters every 10 years**



Figure 5. Drawing by S. Harris; © 1979 The New Yorker Magazine.

# Joint Initiative in Vaccine Economics (JIVE)



**Cost-effectiveness analyses of policy options for pertussis, influenza, polio, and hepatitis B**

# **Cost-Effectiveness of Adolescent & Adult Pertussis Vaccination in the U.S.**

Grace M. Lee, MD, MPH, Stephanie Schauer, PhD,  
Susan Lett, MD MPH, Charles LeBaron, MD, MPH,  
Trudy Murphy, MD, Tracy Lieu, MD, MPH,  
and collaborators

Children's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts Department of Public Health,  
Centers for Disease Control & Prevention, and Harvard Medical School

# Acknowledgments

## NIP/Immunization Services Division

Lance Rodewald, Abigail Shefer,  
Donna Rickert, Shannon Stokely

## NIP/Epidemiology and Surveillance Division

Melinda Wharton, Trudy Murphy,  
Kris Bisgard, Charles LeBaron, James Singleton,  
John Glasser, Peng-Jun Lu

## Expert panel

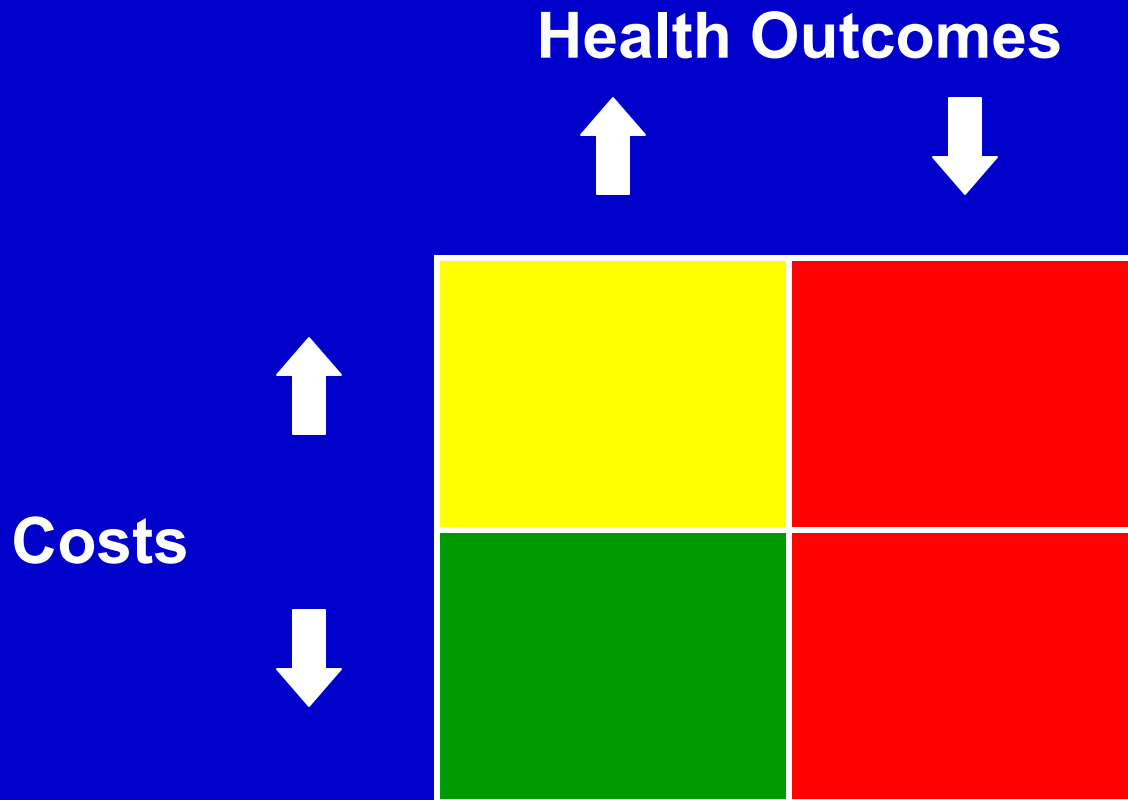
Kris Bisgard, Kathy Edwards,  
Scott Halperin, Susan Lett, Colin Marchant,  
Margaret Rennels, Joel Ward, Melinda Wharton

# Questions

- **Do the health benefits outweigh the vaccine risks?**
- **Will vaccination save money?**
- **Will it be cost-effective, relative to other health interventions?**



# Cost-Effective $\neq$ Cost-Saving



# Vaccines Are Cost-Effective

\$ per life-year  
saved

50,000

Mammography

**Pneumococcal vaccination**

25,000

Pap screening

Colorectal cancer screening

0

**Hepatitis B vaccination**

**Varicella vaccination**

**DTP vaccination**

**MMR vaccination**

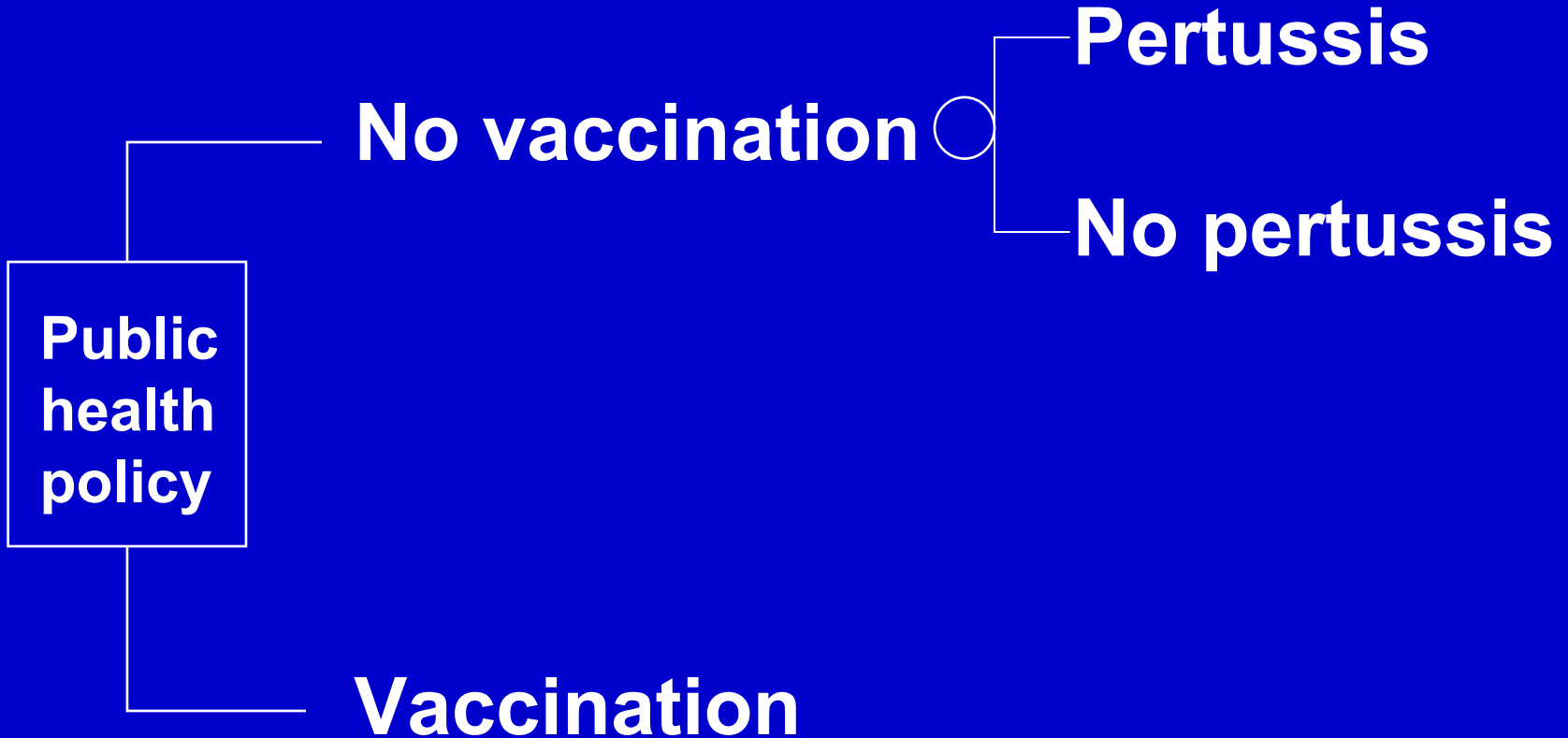
**Hib vaccination**

**Polio vaccination**

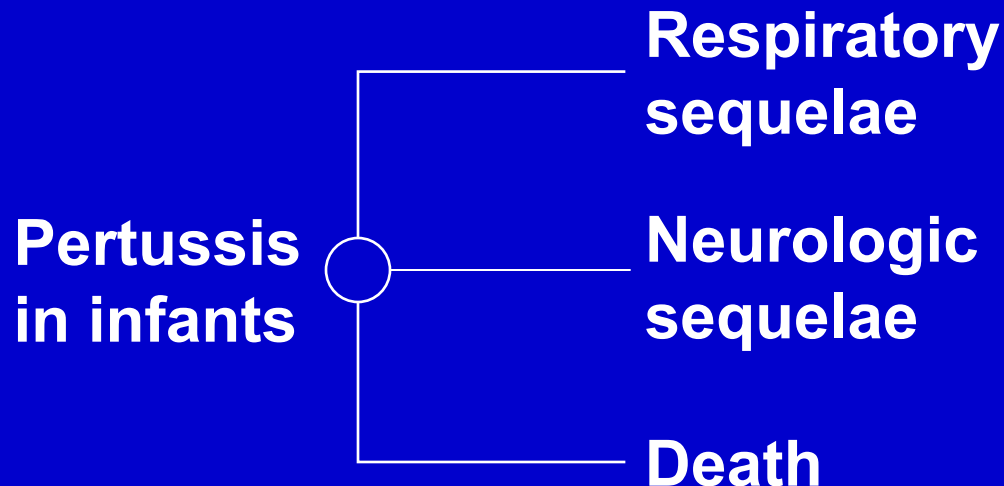
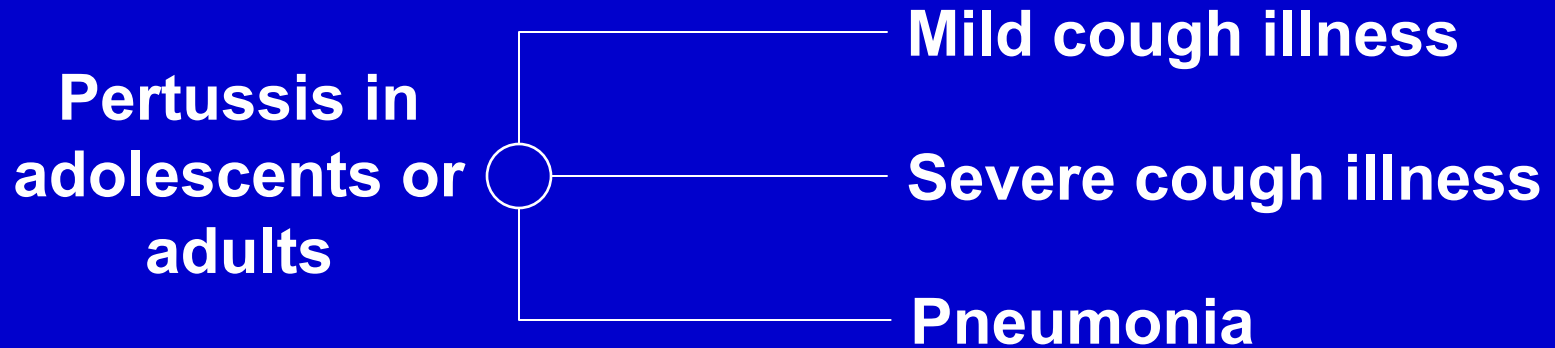
NOT COST-  
SAVING

**COST-SAVING**

# Decision Tree



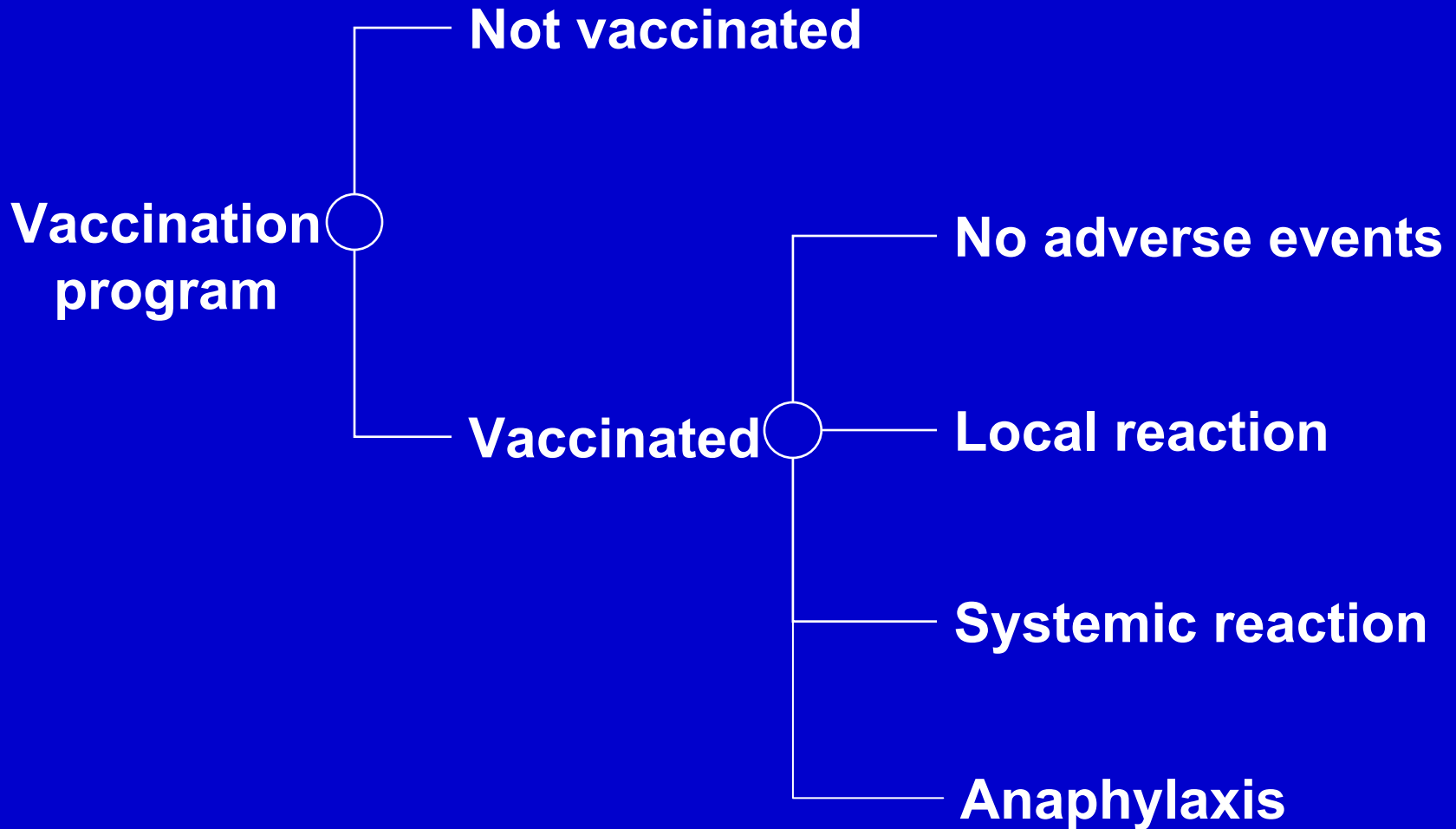
# Outcomes of Pertussis



# Pertussis Probabilities

Variable	Base Case Estimate
Incidence of pertussis	
Adolescents	114 per 100,000
Adults	8 per 100,000
Pneumonia after pertussis	
Adolescents	1%
Adults	3%

# Outcomes of Vaccination



# Vaccine Probabilities

Variable	Base Case Estimate
Vaccine coverage:	
Adolescents	78%
Adults	40%
Vaccine adverse events:	
Local	22%
Systemic	5%
Vaccine effectiveness	92% [30-95%]

# **Preliminary Results: Health Outcomes\***



# Preliminary Results: Health Outcomes\*

Policy	Cases Prevented	Vaccine Adverse Events (mostly local)
Adolescents	23,000	840,000
Adols + boosters	27,000	2.6 million
Adults at 20 yrs	920	440,000
Adults + boosters	3600	1.8 million

\*For 2002 birth cohort assuming 100% surveillance & no change in infant transmission

# Dilemmas

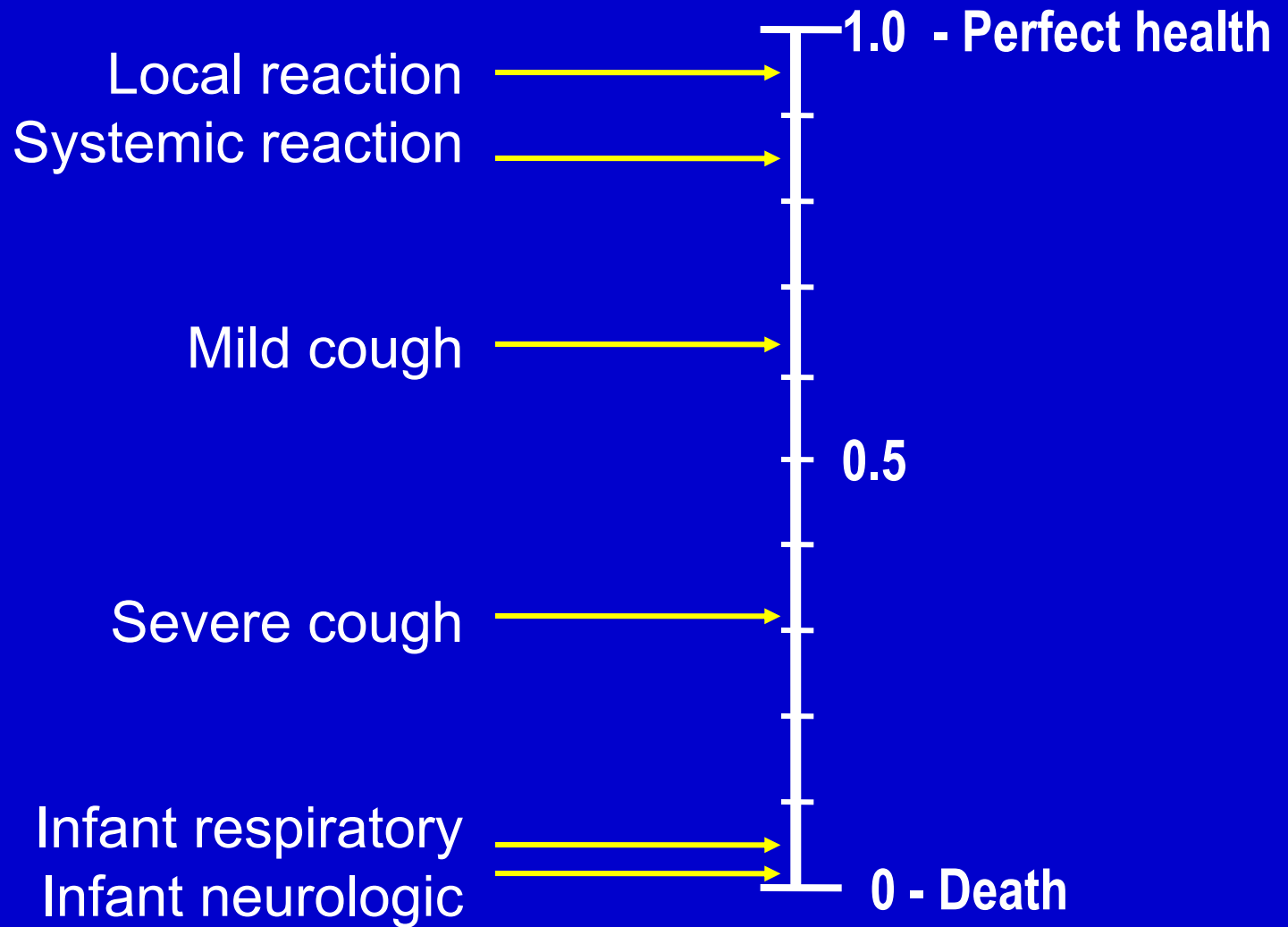
- How should we weigh preventing pertussis, vs. avoiding vaccine adverse events?
- Pertussis vaccination prevents few deaths
- Use time trade-off questions to get econometric measure -- quality-adjusted life-years

# Time Trade-Off

Example: Severe cough

How many days or weeks would you be willing to give up from the end of your life to avoid severe cough for 8 weeks? The cough can cause vomiting several times a week, difficulty eating or drinking, and difficulty sleeping.

# Values



# **Do Health Benefits Outweigh Vaccine Risks?**

# Do Health Benefits Outweigh Vaccine Risks?

Policy option	If <u>NO</u> infant disease prevented	If <u>ALL</u> infant disease prevented
Adolescents	Yes	Yes
Adols + boosters	Yes	Yes
Adults at 20 yrs	No	Yes
Adults + boosters	No	No

# Questions

- Do the health benefits outweigh the vaccine risks?
- Will vaccination save money?
- Will it be cost-effective, relative to other health interventions?

# **Costs of Pertussis in Adolescents & Adults**

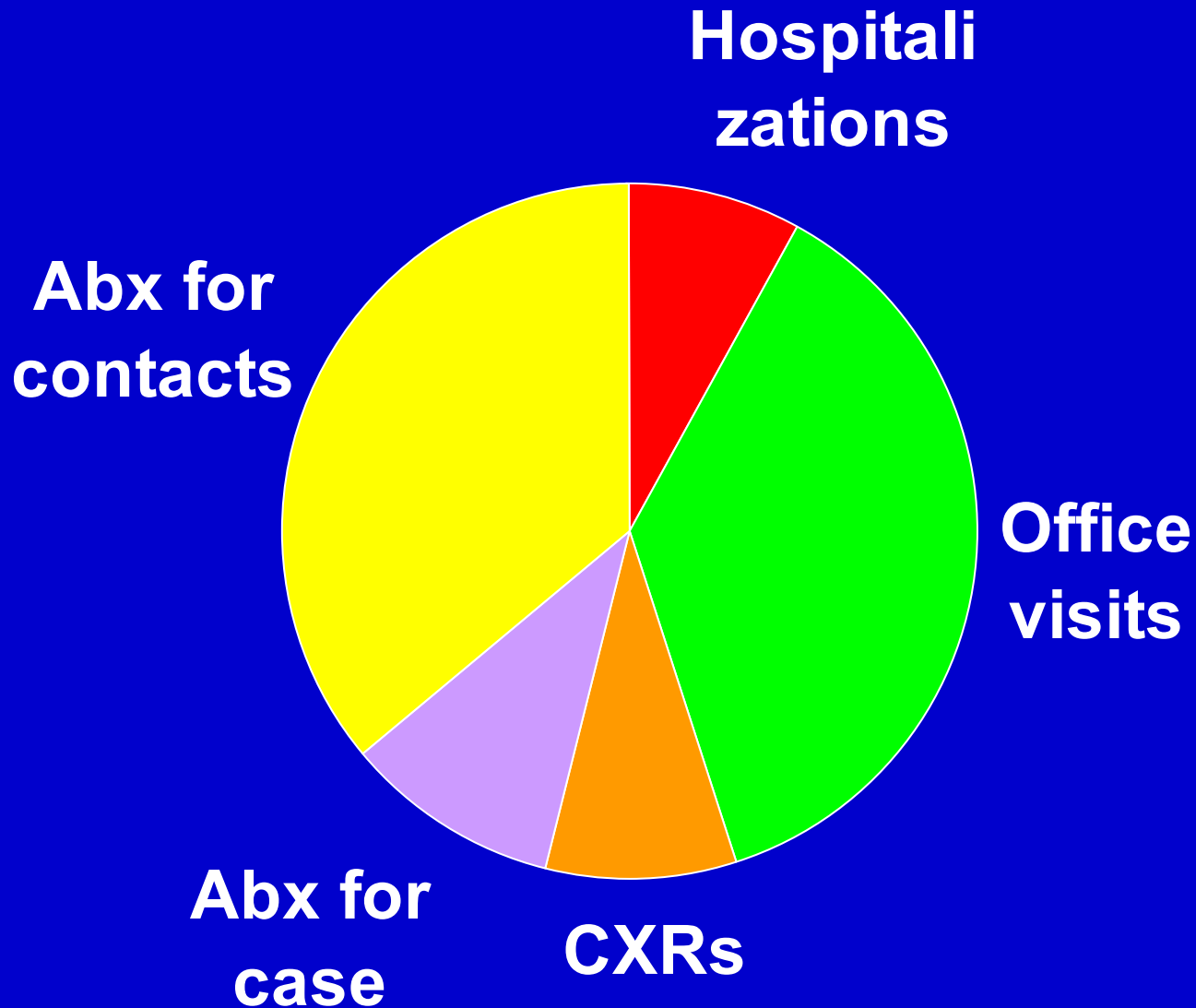
## **Massachusetts**



# **Analysis of Medical Costs**

- **Retrospective analysis**
- **2,800 cases of confirmed pertussis in Massachusetts, 1998-2000**
- **Utilization of health services**
- **Costs of services from national sources**

# Medical Costs Adolescents = \$300



# **Survey on Non-Medical Costs**

- **Include work-loss and other expenses**
- **Psychological costs**
- **Telephone interviews**
- **400 adolescent and adult cases**

# Non-Medical Costs Are High

	Cost	
<u>Age group</u>	<u>Medical</u>	<u>Non-medical</u>
Adolescent	300	60% x medical
Adult	>300	150% x medical

# Cost of Vaccination?

Vaccine price = ?

Vaccine administration = 0 if  
added to  $T_d$

Program costs = ?

---

Temporary assumption: \$25

**Cost of vaccination = \$25**  
**Will Vaccination Save Money?**  
**Probably not:**

**Cost of vaccination = \$25**  
**Will Vaccination Save Money?**  
**Probably not:**

Policy option	If <u>NO</u> infant disease prevented	If <u>ALL</u> infant disease prevented
Adolescents	No	No
Adols + boosters	No	No
Adults at 20 yrs		No
Adults + boosters		

**Cost of vaccination = \$25**

**Will Vaccination Be Cost-Effective?**

**Cost < \$50,000 per QALY saved**



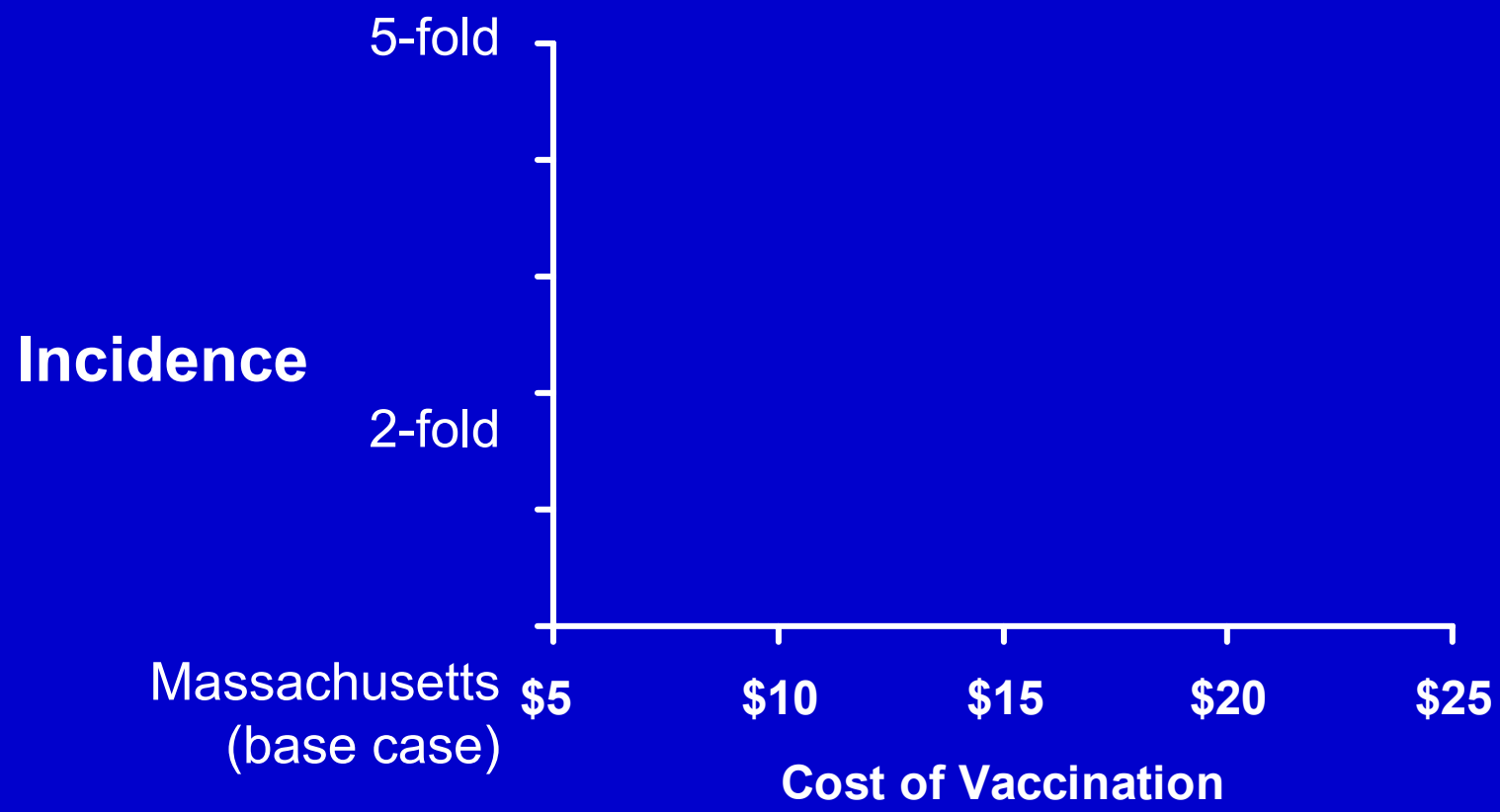
**Cost of vaccination = \$25**

**Will Vaccination Be Cost-Effective?**

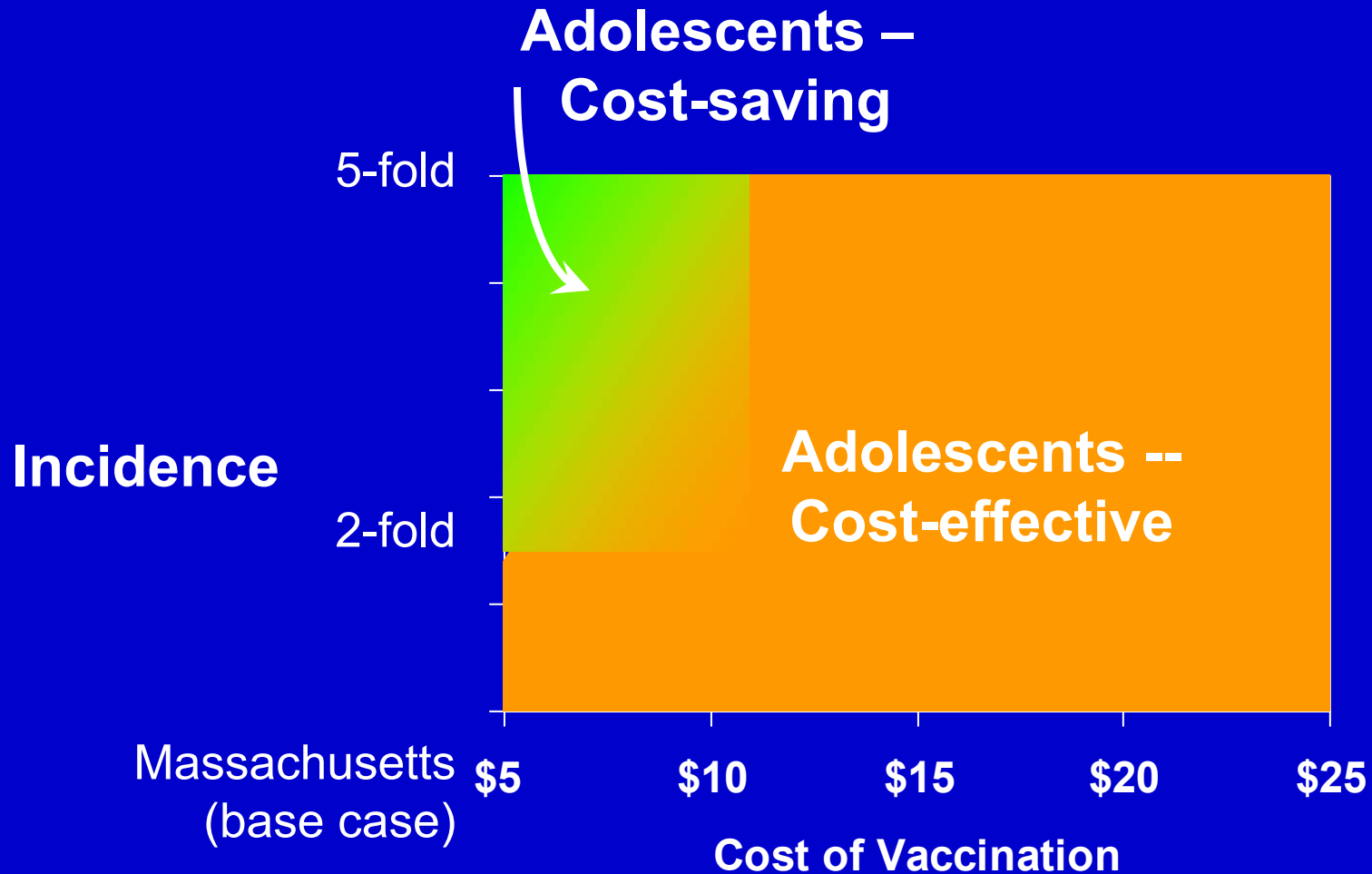
**Cost < \$50,000 per QALY saved**

Policy option	If <u>NO</u> infant disease prevented	If <u>ALL</u> infant disease prevented
Adolescents	Yes	Yes
Adols + boosters	No	No
Adults at 20 yrs		Yes
Adults + boosters		

# Sensitivity to Incidence of Pertussis and Cost of Vaccination



# Sensitivity to Incidence of Pertussis and Cost of Vaccination



# Preliminary Findings

- **Tradeoffs depend greatly on:**
  - True incidence of disease
  - Cost of vaccination (including vaccine price and program costs)
  - Effects on infant disease

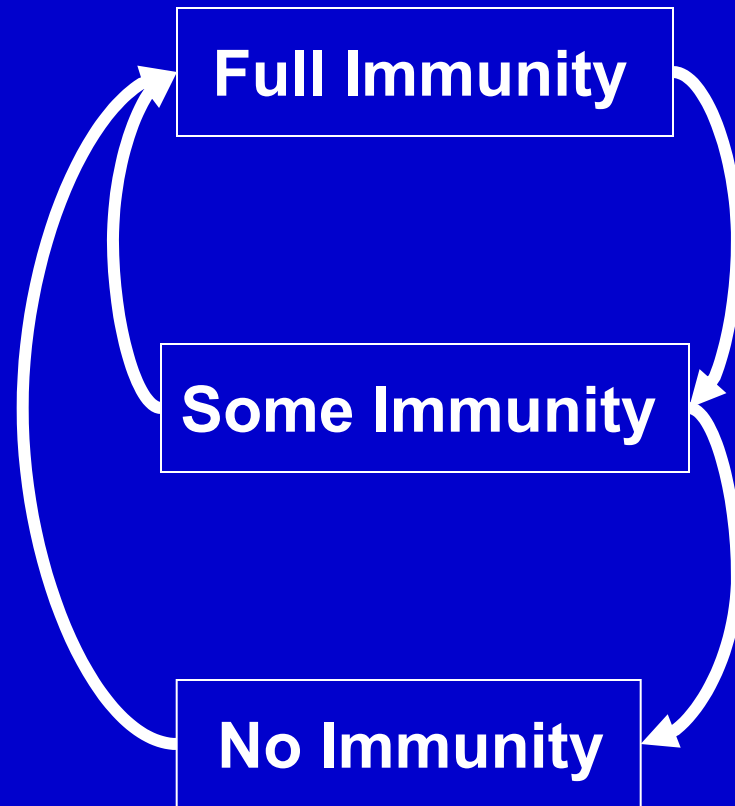
# Messages

- **Pertussis in adolescents and adults is increasing and costly**
- **Vaccination could be beneficial and cost-effective**
- **Need better data on incidence**



Slides following this slide are  
leftovers

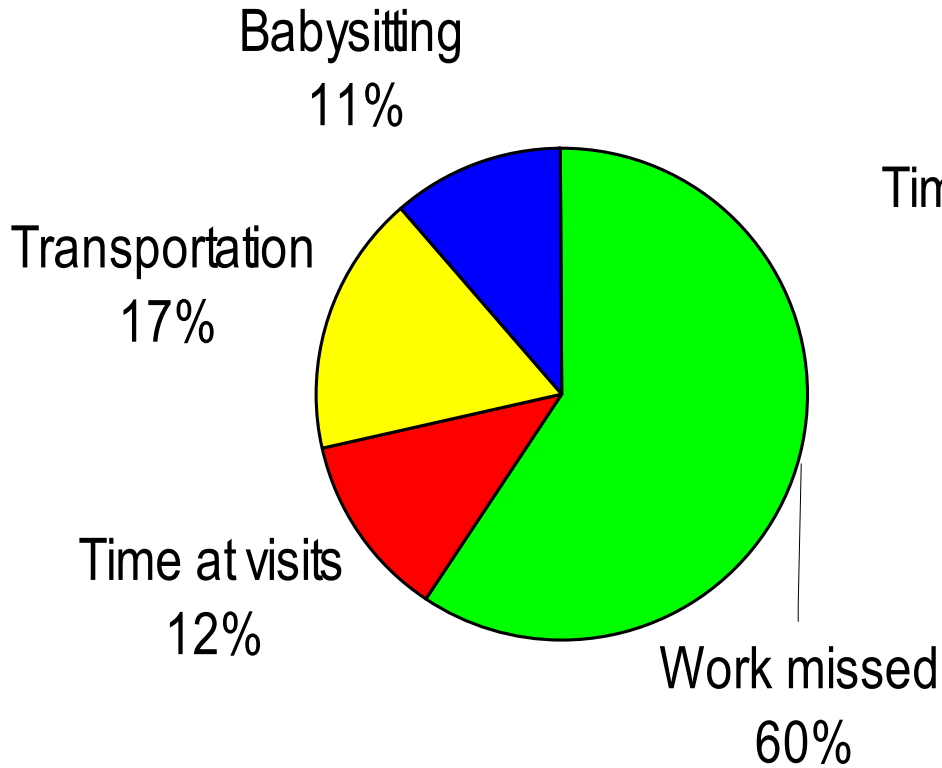
# Markov Model



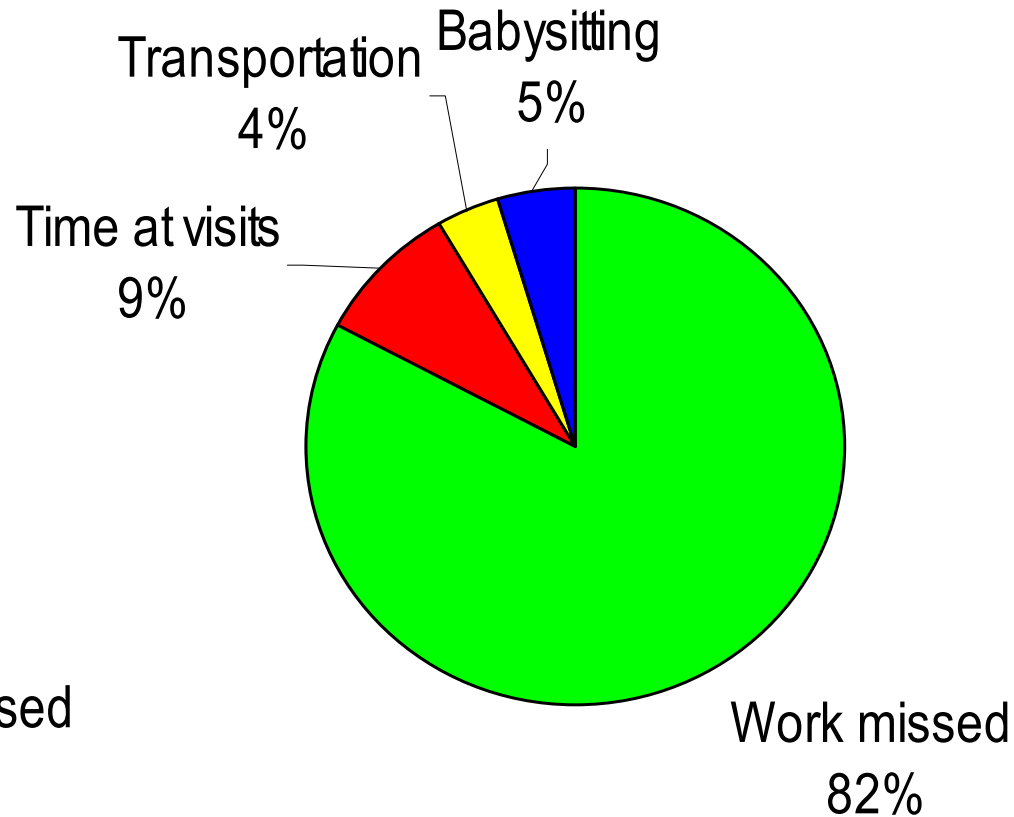


# Non-medical Costs

## Adolescents (\$180)



## Adults (\$570)



# Outcome Measures

- Cases of pertussis prevented
- Adverse effects
- Total cost
- Life-years saved
  
- Quality-adjusted life-years saved
- \$ per QALY saved

# Next Steps

- Add a “cocoon” strategy to the model
- Need estimates of impact on infant disease from dynamic models
- Include public health costs

# Other Adolescent Time Costs

- 87% missed school due to illness
- Average days missed from school
  - 6.1 days (0.4-32 days)
- 27% of adolescents had jobs
- Average days missed from work
  - 4.8 days (0.5-15 days)

# Public Health Costs

- Average costs of 3 states with high incidence of pertussis:
- Surveillance--\$202,000 per year
- Health care outbreak--\$33,000 per year
- School outbreak--\$21,000 per year
- Average cost per state--\$256,000
- Average cost for U.S.--\$12.8 million